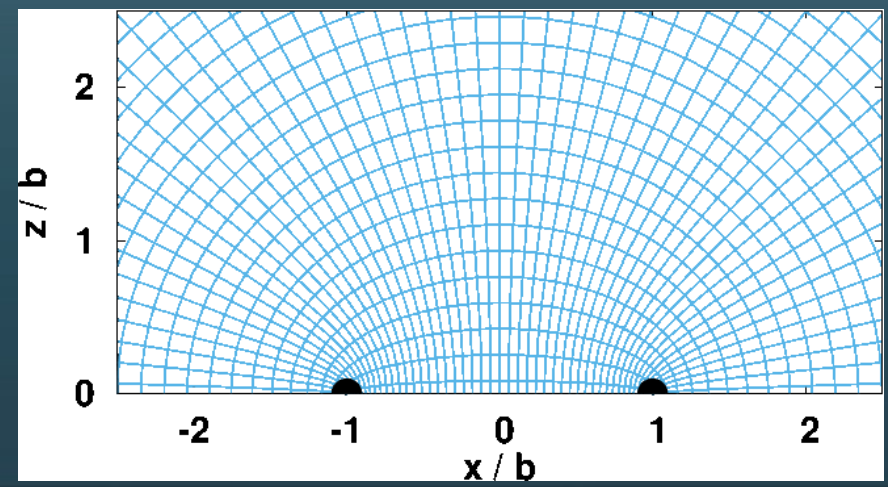
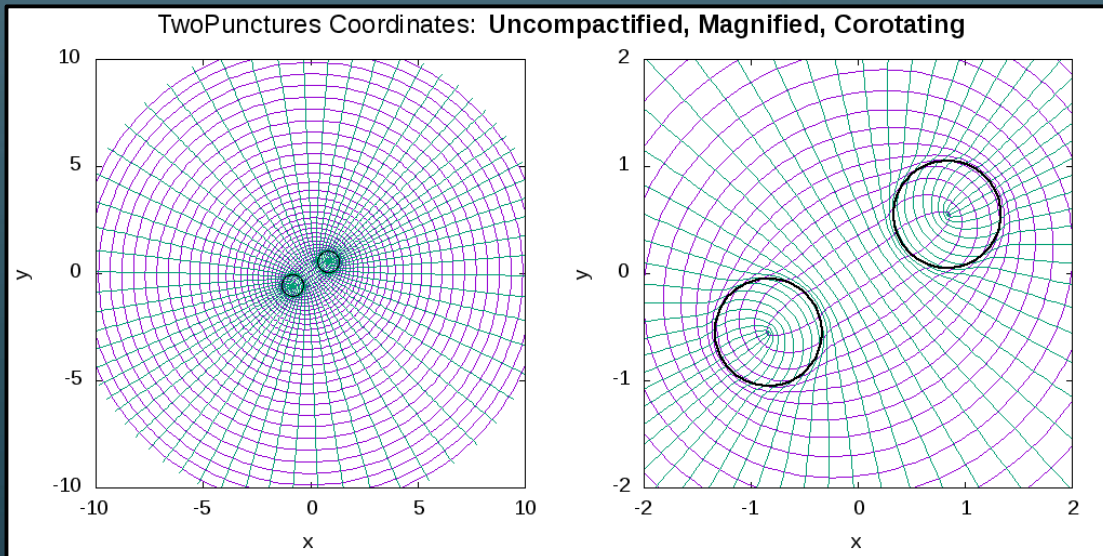


SENR/NRPy: A Next-Generation, Dynamical Reference Metric Numerical Relativity Code

Zachariah B. Etienne
Ian Ruchlin

in collaboration with

Thomas W. Baumgarte



SENr/NRPy: Code Overview

- NRPy: Python+sympy code generation for NR
 - Similar to Kranc, but with no Mathematica!
 - Equations *at your fingertips*, even on HPC systems!
 - Input: Einstein notation + simple syntax Python code
 - Output: Efficient, compiler-vectorizable C code (AVX)
- SENr: Simple, Efficient Numerical Relativity code
 - Contains NRPy wrappers, diagnostics, MoL, BCs for solving BSSN equations in arbitrary coord systems
 - Log-Spherical Polar, Cylindrical, Cartesian, Bispherical-like

<https://tinyurl.com/senrcode>

SENr/NRPy: Motivation

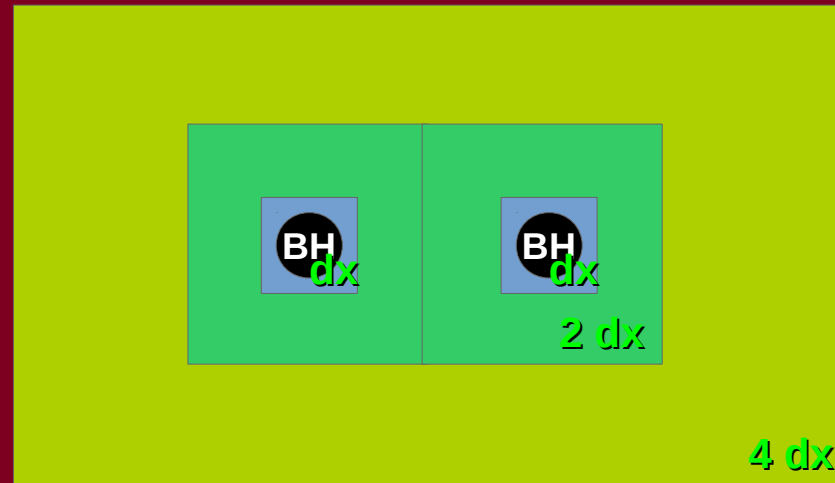
- SENr/NRPy = Simple, efficient, open (BSD-licensed, Python-based) infrastructure for numerical relativity codes and code generation
- Goal: When solving problem, choose the best coordinate grid for the task!
 - Black hole, neutron star: Log-Spherical polar coords
 - Compact binary: Dynamical, Bispherical-like coords
- Better coordinate grids = Giant efficiency gain over AMR!
 - At least ~160x decrease in # of gridpoints → use desktop for BHB
 - Single grid patch = ~25x better scalability than AMR!

<https://tinyurl.com/senrcode>

Enormous Inefficiencies Exist in Numerical Relativity (NR) Simulations

AMR

*Adaptive Mesh Refinement
(Most Popular Method in NR)*



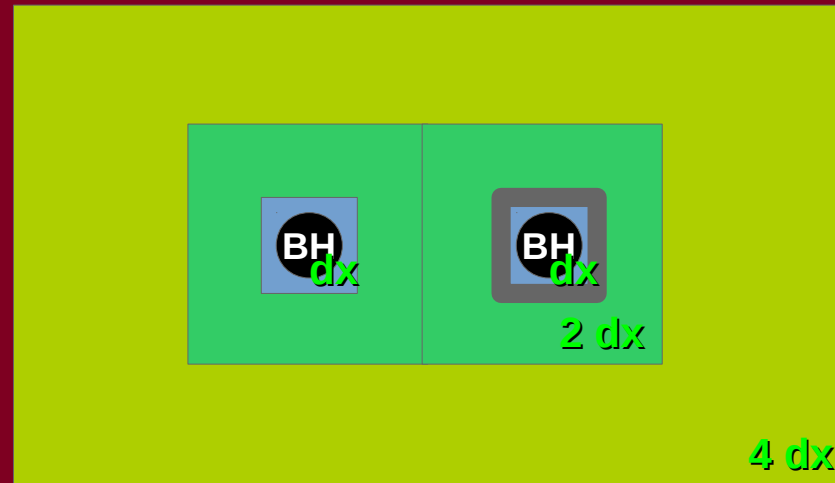
8 dx

16 dx, etc

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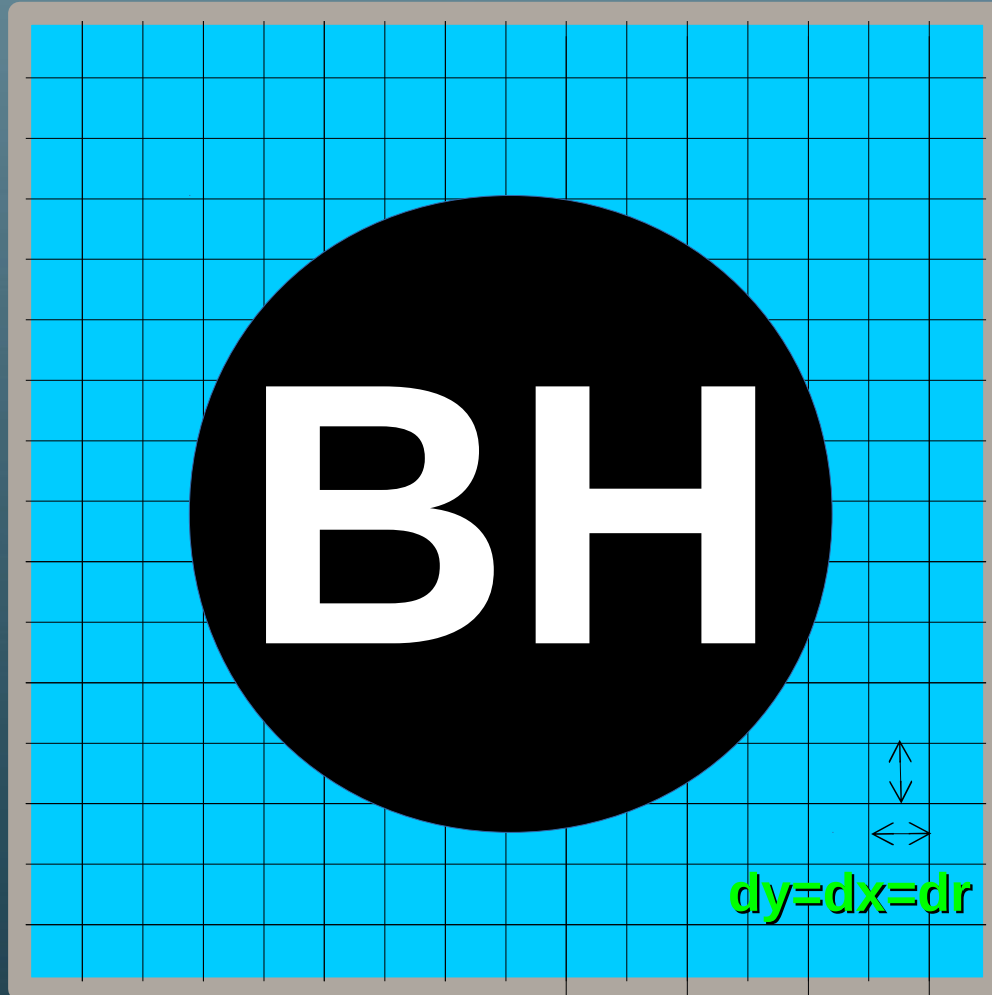
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Enormous Inefficiencies Exist in Numerical Relativity (NR) Simulations

Near-Spherical Object

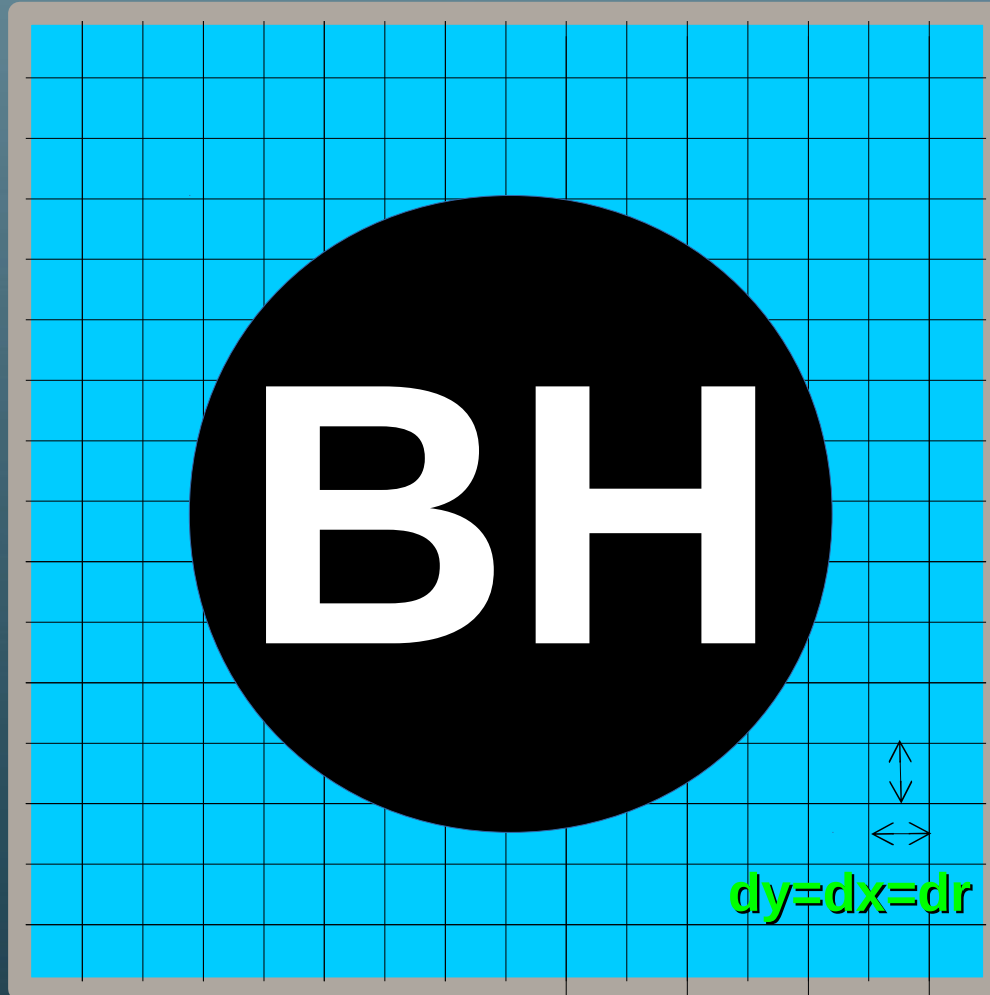
- Highest res needed in radial dirn, need $\sim 1/3$ points in angular directions
Cost:
 $N_r * N_{\theta} * N_{\phi} \sim 1/9 N_r^3$
- Cartesian grid: need $dx=dy=dz=dr$.
Cost:
 $N_x * N_y * N_z \sim N_r^3$
- So far, spherical polar grid $\sim 9x$ more efficient than Cartesian



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What about dr along diagonal?

- Cube diagonal = $\sqrt{3} * \text{sidelength}$ \rightarrow to get dr resolution in all directions, need to reduce dx, dy, dz by $\sqrt{3}$
- Since cost in memory $\sim 1/dx^3$, “fitting the round peg in a square hole” increases cost by another factor of $(\sqrt{3})^3 \sim 5.2x!$

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Inefficiencies so far:
 $\sim 47x$

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Enormous Inefficiencies Exist in Numerical Relativity (NR) Simulations

AMR Box Boundary is a Cube...

- ... but fields fall off radially!
- → region outside orange circle is over-resolved by 2x
- Total volume of over-resolved region = $8 - 4/3 \pi \sim 3.8$ = about half the cube!
- Bispherical coordinate system: Gain another $\sim 1.7x$



AMR Box side-length = 2

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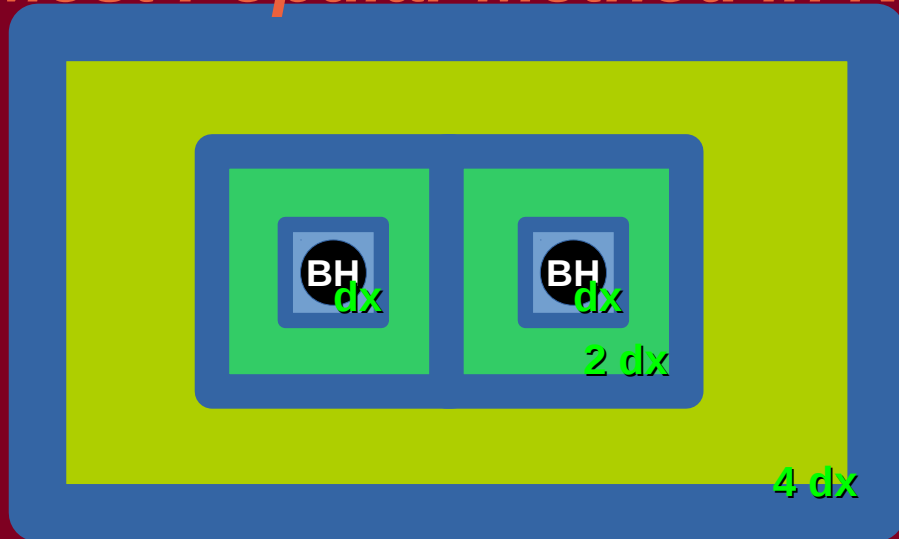
AMR Box side-length = 2

**Inefficiencies so far:
~80x**

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*Adaptive Mesh Refinement
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AMR

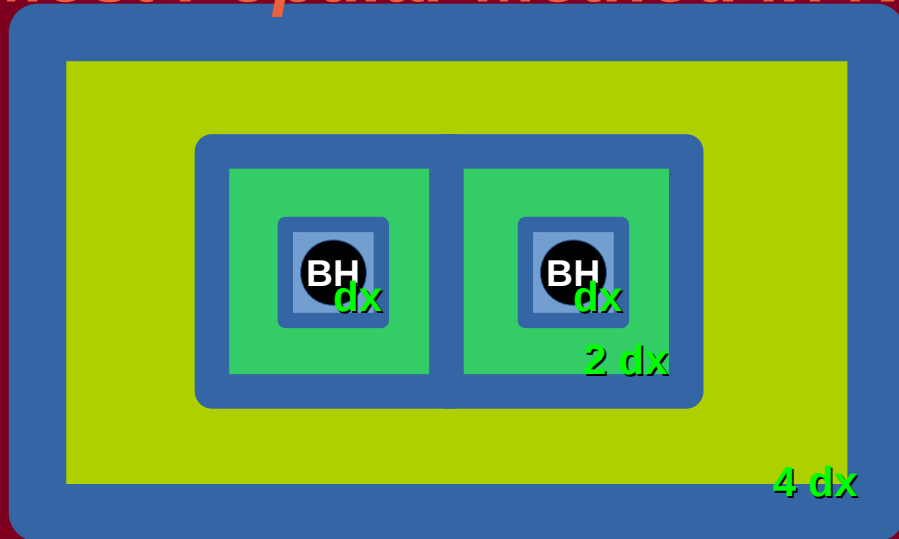
- Information must be interpolated across refinement boundaries.
- Interpolation \rightarrow grids must overlap
- Overlap regions (grey) can take up 50% of overall computational domain!

8 dx

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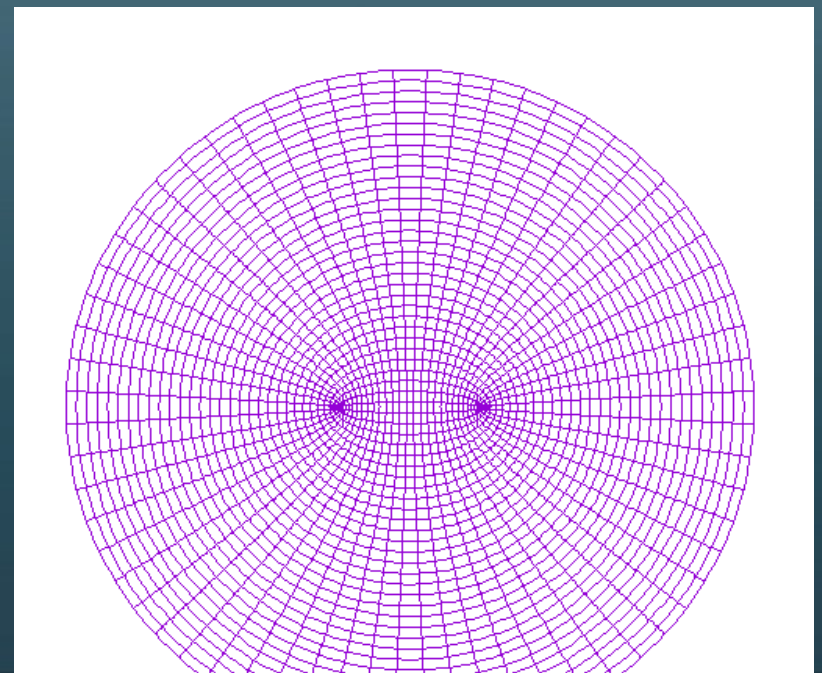
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High-order finite difference with AMR

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Enormous Inefficiencies Exist in Numerical Relativity (NR) Simulations

**AMR Inefficiencies:
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Enormous Inefficiencies Exist in Numerical Relativity (NR) Simulations

Inefficiency Measurement

- Single black hole
- Moderate spin:
 - $a/M = 0.5$
- Set up AMR (Carpet) grid, measure H constraint violation
- Adjust SENR grids:
 - $H_{\text{SENR}} < H_{\text{AMR}}$
at all points

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~160x (estimated)**

AMR Grid:

- 10 GB

SENR's Log-Spherical Polar Grid:

- 40 MB
- (un-optimized grid structure, another 4-10x drop possible)

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250x (measured)**

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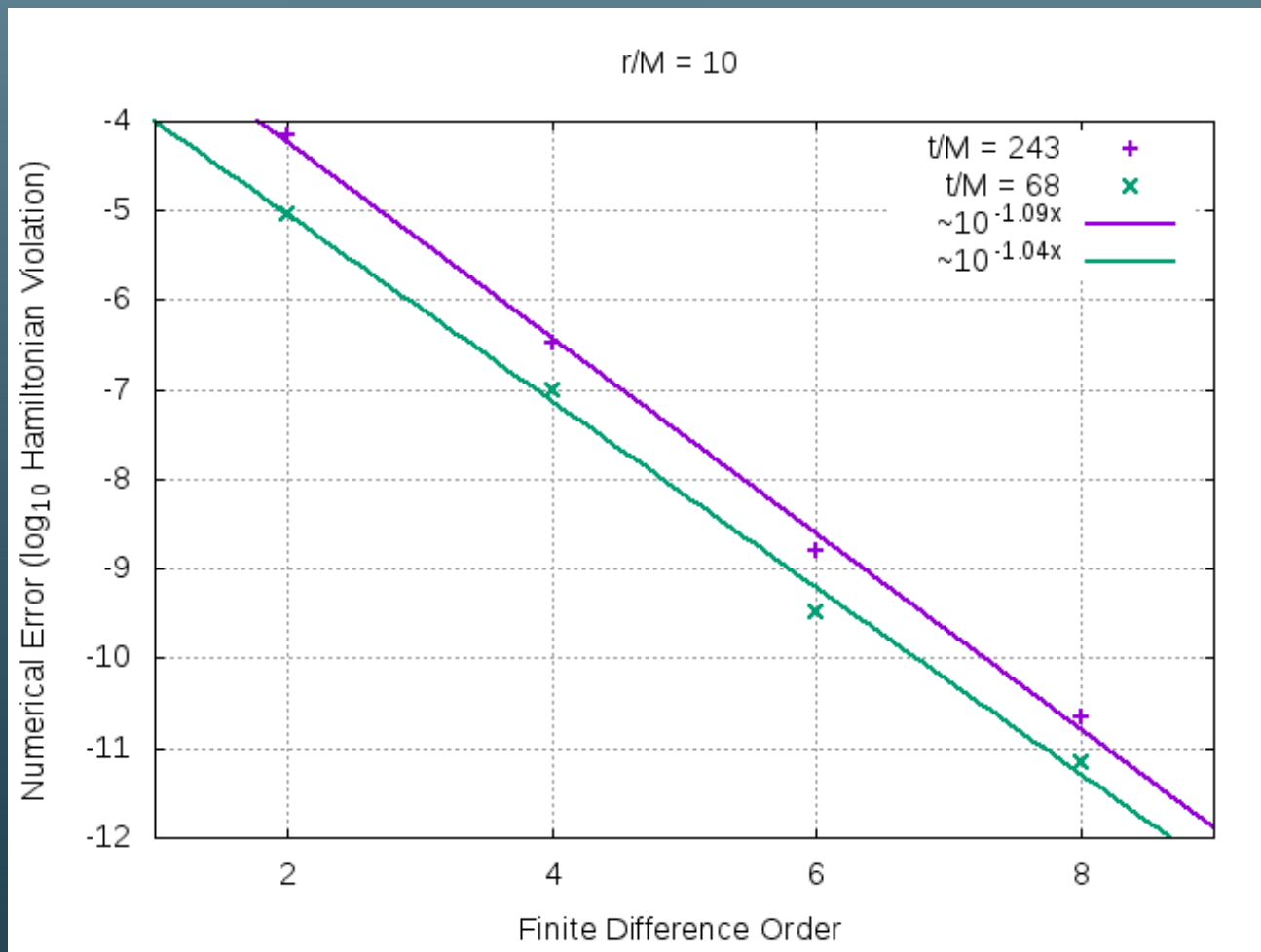
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**Stable long-term BH evolutions!
But does it converge?**

SENR Results: Exponential convergence of numerical errors!

Simulating black
hole without
excision:

Numerical errors
converge to zero
exponentially with
increased
polynomial
approximation order!



SENR/NRPy: Summary

- Open Source, Open Development → Greater Adoption
 - <http://tinyurl.com/senrcode>
- Algorithmic Simplicity → More Science Faster
 - Easier to debug & extend
 - Build on tried & true algorithms
 - BSSN in Spherical Polar Coords techniques pioneered by T. Baumgarte et al
 - SENR: Extend ideas to support arbitrary, *dynamical* coords
- Memory Efficiency Is Key Focus: Unlock the Desktop
 - Get public involved → ~10,000x more GW throughput!
- Bottom line: Maximize science with minimal human & computational resources