

Directions: You may work to solve these problems in groups, but all written work must be your own. Unless the problem indicates otherwise, all problems require some justification; a correct answer without supporting reasoning is not sufficient. Submissions must be stapled. See “Guidelines and advice” on the course webpage for more information.

1. Prove the following by contradiction.

- (a) If $b \in \mathbb{Z}$ and $b \nmid k$ for every $k \in \mathbb{N}$, then $b = 0$.
- (b) Suppose $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$. If a is rational and ab is irrational, then b is irrational.

2. An identity. Let $n \geq 1$ and let $[n] = \{1, \dots, n\}$.

- (a) Using the binomial theorem, show that $\sum_{k=0}^n (-1)^k \binom{n}{k} = 0$. (Hint: substitute appropriate values for x and y in the equation from the binomial theorem.)
- (b) By pairing the even subsets of $[n]$ with distinct odd subsets of $[n]$ (that is, each subset should have its own distinct partner subset of opposite parity), give a combinatorial proof that $\sum_{k=0}^n (-1)^k \binom{n}{k} = 0$.

3. Prove the following (using any method).

- (a) There is a prime number between 90 and 100.
- (b) If $a \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $a^3 \equiv a \pmod{3}$.
- (c) There exists a positive real number x for which $x^2 < \sqrt{x}$.
- (d) Suppose $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$. If $a + b$ is odd, then $a^2 + b^2$ is odd.
- (e) There exist unique non-negative integers x and y such that $145408 = x \cdot 2^y$ and x is odd.

4. Let $a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{Z}$ and suppose that $bc - ad = 1$. Prove that $\gcd(an + b, cn + d) = 1$ for each $n \in \mathbb{Z}$. Hint: show that $bc - ad$ is an integer combination of $an + b$ and $cn + d$. That is, find integers x and y such that $x(an + b) + y(cn + d) = bc - ad = 1$.

5. Let n be an integer such that $n \geq 3$, and suppose that n lights are arranged in a circle. Initially, all lights are off. Each light is attached to a switch, but flipping a switch toggles the on/off status of its light and the two neighboring lights. In terms of n , what is the minimum number of switch flips needed to turn all lights on? Prove that your answer is correct.