**Directions:** You may work to solve these problems in groups, but all written work must be your own. Unless the problem indicates otherwise, all problems require some justification; a correct answer without supporting reasoning is not sufficient. Submissions must be stapled. See "Guidelines and advice" on the course webpage for more information.

1. Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$  and  $B = \{\sin, \cos\}$ . List the elements of the following sets.

 $\begin{array}{c|ccccc} \text{(a)} & B \times A & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\ \text{(b)} & B \times (A \times B) & & & & & & & & & & \\ \text{(d)} & A \times \{\emptyset\} & & & & & & & & \\ \end{array}$ 

2. List the subsets of the following sets.

(a)  $\{\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{N}, \mathbb{Q}\}$  | (b)  $\emptyset$ 

(c)  $\{\{N\}\}$ 

3. Express the set  $\{X \subseteq \mathbb{N} \colon |X| \le 1\}$  by listing its elements between braces, using ellipses if necessary.

4. Decide whether the following statements are true or false. Give explanations.

(a)  $\mathbb{R}^2 \subset \mathbb{R}^3$ 

(b)  $\{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : x^2 - x = 0\} \subseteq \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : x - 1 = 0\}$ 

5. Suppose that |A| = m and |B| = n. Find the given cardinalities.

(a)  $|\mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}(A))|$ 

(b)  $|\mathcal{P}(A \times \mathcal{P}(B))|$ 

(c)  $|\mathcal{P}(A) \times \mathcal{P}(B)|$ (d)  $|\{X \subseteq \mathcal{P}(A) \colon |X| \le 1\}|$ 

6. You have two strings of fuse. When lit at one end, each will burn for exactly one hour. The fuses are not necessarily identical, though, and do not burn at a constant rate. All you have with you is a lighter and these two fuses. Can you measure exactly 45 minutes? If so, explain how. If not, explain why.