Name: _

Directions: Show all work. No credit for answers without work.

- 1. [4 parts, 1 point each] Let $A = \{(2,4), \{4,2\}, 3\}, B = \{3, (4,2)\}, \text{ and } C = \{1,2,3\} \times \{3,4\}.$
 - (a) Determine the sizes of A, B, and C.

(b) Find $A \cap B$.

(c) Find B^2 .

(d) Find C^0 .

2. [2 points] Is it true or false that for all sets A, B, C, we have that $(A \times B) \times C = A \times (B \times C)$? If true, then explain why this is true, and if false, then give an example of sets A, B, C where $(A \times B) \times C \neq A \times (B \times C)$. 3. [2 points] Is the set \mathbb{N}^5 countable or not? Justify your answer.

4. [2 points] Let A be the set whose members are the subsets of the positive integers. For example, the following sets are members of A: $\{1,3,5,7,\ldots\}$, $\{n:n \text{ is prime}\}$, $\{1,2,3,4,5\}$, \emptyset , and $\{1,4,9,25,36,\ldots\}$. Let S_1, S_2, S_3,\ldots be a list of members of A. Adapt Cantor's diagonalization argument to construct a set D which does not appear on the list.