Name: \_

Directions: Show all work. No credit for answers without work.

1. **[3 points]** Given that  $L: P_2 \to P_1$  is a linear transformation and

$$L(t^2) = 2t + 4$$
  $L(t) = -3t + 6$   $L(1) = t + 2,$ 

find  $L(2t^2 + 3t - 1)$ .

2. [3 points] Let  $L: M_{22} \to \mathbb{R}^2$  be the linear transformation given by

$$L\left(\left[\begin{array}{cc}a&b\\c&d\end{array}\right]\right)=\left[\begin{array}{cc}a-d\\b-c\end{array}\right].$$

Find a basis for ker L.

3. [4 points] We define a function  $L: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  by

$$L\left(\left[\begin{array}{c}u_1\\u_2\end{array}\right]\right) = \left[\begin{array}{c}3u_2-u_1\\u_1+u_2\end{array}\right].$$

Is L a linear transformation? Justify your answer.